SECURIT



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# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X=17A=5 PART III

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### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNI	NG <u>01/01/03</u> AND E1 MM/DD/YY	NDING 12/31/03	MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Cooper Malone McClain, Inc		<del> </del>	FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. I	Box No.)	RECEIVED
7701 East Kellogg, Suite 700	(No. and Street)		MAR 1 2004
Wichita (City)	Kansas (State)	67278 (Zip Code)	188 4
Lois McClain	B. ACCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION	5-5777 de - Telephone Number)
Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C.	(Name - if individual, state last,	-	
	(Name - ij individudi, state idst, j	irst, miaaie name).	
	hita Kansas		67202
CHECK ONE:  CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accounta  Public Accountant  Accountant not resident in	nt United States or any of its poss	essions.	PROCESSED  MAR 29 2004  THOMSON FINANCIAL
	FOR OFFICIAL USE (	ONLY	

\* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Lois McClain</u>, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of <u>Cooper, Malone, McClain, Inc.</u>, as of <u>December 31</u>, 2002, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of a customer, except as follows: NONE.

Jan J. M. Claen
Signature

Executive Vice President
Title

Notary Public

DAVID K. MALONE

Notary Public • State of Kansas

My Appt. Expires Dec. 16, 2007

This	report	** contains	(check all	applicable	le boxes):
		aina naga			

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
  - (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Epic Center • 301 N. Main, Suite 1700 Wichita, Kansas 67202-4868 (316) 267-7231 • FAX (316) 267-0339

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

The Board of Directors
Cooper Malone McClain, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Cooper Malone McClain, Inc. (Company) for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility

are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

February 6, 2004 Wichita, Kansas

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors

Cooper Malone McClain, Inc.

We have audited the statements of financial condition of Cooper Malone McClain, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cooper Malone McClain, Inc. at December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C.

February 6, 2004

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2003 and 2002

ASSI	ETS

<u></u>		2003		2002
Cash	\$	79,272	\$	86,527
Deposit with clearing organization	Ψ	286,179	Ψ	323,129
Receivables:		200,110		020, 120
Commissions and interest, clearing organization		95,919		17,374
Employees and stockholders		67,915		47,190
Other				441
Securities owned:				
Marketable, at market value; cost				
\$1,821,319 and \$1,127,487	. 1	,556,140		657,745
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated				
depreciation of \$109,314 and \$109,601		37,566		30,372
Other assets:				:
Cash surrender value of life insurance, net of		454524		110 605
loans of \$100,000 Other		154,521 33,490		119,695 30,976
Other		33,430		30,370
	\$ 2	2,311,002	\$	1,313,449
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER	RS' EQUIT	<u>Y</u>		
Note and margin payable, clearing organization Payables:	\$ 1	,312,541	\$	529,852
Clearing organization		324		324
Commissions, employees and stockholders		20,138		
Other liabilities	•	30,387		57,986
	1	,363,390		588,162
Stockholders' equity:		<del></del>		
Common stock, par value \$1 per share;				
authorized 1,000,000 shares, issued and				
autotanding 100 000 shares				
outstanding 100,000 shares		100,000		100,000
Additional paid-in capital		200,157		200,157
•		•		•
Additional paid-in capital		200,157		200,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002	
Revenues:			
Trading commission income	\$ 707,214	\$ 976,782	
Net trading profit	333,989	196,671	
Interest income	103,509	66,981	
Underwriting profits	317,293	440,177	
Investment advisory fees	74,057	107,815	
Other	76,624	46,800	
Unrealized gain, securities owned	84,005	**	
	1,696,691	1,835,226	
Expenses:			
Salaries and commissions	779,395	989,384	
General and administrative	471,052	416,970	
Interest	43,919	39,205	
Unrealized loss, securities owned		80,932	
	1,294,366	1,526,491	
Net income	\$ 402,325	\$ 308,735	

## STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

	Common Number of Shares	on Stock Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, December 31, 2001	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 200,157	\$ 356,395	\$ 656,552
Distributions to stockholders				(240,000)	(240,000)
Net income	***************************************			308,735	308,735
Balance, December 31, 2002	100,000	100,000	200,157	425,130	725,287
Distributions to stockholders		•		(180,000)	(180,000)
Net income				402,325	402,325
Balance, December 31, 2003	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 200,157	\$ 647,455	\$ 947,612

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002

	2003	2002
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income	¢ 402 225	¢ 200 725
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$ 402,325	\$ 308,735
(used in) provided by operating activities:		
Loss on disposal of assets	===	243
Depreciation and amortization	11,155	12,620
Unrealized (gain) loss, securities owned	(84,005)	80,932
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Deposit with clearing organization	36,950	(67,947)
Receivables	(98,829)	(19,170)
Securities owned Other assets	(814,390) (2,514)	193,193 (11,379)
Payables:	(2,514)	(11,379)
Clearing organization		(875)
Commissions, employees and stockholders	20,138	
Other liabilities	(27,599)	36,095
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(556,769)	532,447
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(18,349)	(11,021)
Net change in cash surrender value of life insurance	(34,826)	(32,562)
Net cash used in investing activities	(53,175)	(43,583)
Cook flows from financing activities:		
Cash flows from financing activities:  Distributions to stockholders	(180,000)	(240,000)
Net draws (payments) on note and margin payable,	(100,000)	(240,000)
clearing organization	782,689	(200,221)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	602,689	_(440,221)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(7,255)	48,643
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	86,527	37,884
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 79,272	\$ 86,527

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Cooper Malone McClain, Inc. (Company) is a broker/dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). The Company is also a member of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB), which makes rules regulating dealers who deal in municipal bonds, municipal notes, and other municipal securities.

The Company primarily offers investment banking services, which include services related to originating, underwriting, and distributing initial issues of securities, primarily in the state of Kansas. Additionally, the Company also purchases and sells securities in the secondary market.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) provide that the Company clear all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker/dealer and promptly transmit all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Revenue Recognition</u> – Securities transactions are recorded on the settlement date. The effect on income of transactions executed but not yet settled is not significant. Fiscal fees and applicable expenses are recognized when all services are rendered and closing of the bond issue is assured.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u> – For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less at date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

<u>Receivables</u> – Commissions and interest receivable are for securities transactions that have reached their settlement date and have not been deposited by the clearing organization into the Company's account. Employee and stockholders receivables consist of amounts due from related parties. Management believes they are fully collectible.

(Continued)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Securities Owned</u> – Marketable securities owned consist of trading and investment securities and are valued at market value. Substantially all the municipal bonds pertain to Kansas issues.

<u>Furniture and Equipment</u> – Furniture and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in income for the period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to income as incurred, whereas significant renewals and betterments are capitalized. Deduction is made for retirements resulting from the renewals or betterments.

Income Taxes – The Company has elected to be taxed as an 'S' Corporation. Under this election, income and losses of the Company, along with any tax credits, are reported for income tax purposes by the stockholders on their individual income tax returns. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements do not include a provision for income taxes on corporate earnings. Customarily, stockholders in 'S' Corporations withdraw funds from equity to make quarterly and annual income tax payments. The Company does not accrue such withdrawals as the taxable income is earned; instead, the Company's policy is to record such withdrawals when the cash is distributed.

<u>Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect: (1) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (2) disclosures such as contingencies, and (3) the reported amounts of revenues and expenses included in such financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company is required to maintain a deposit with its clearing organization equal to the greater of \$30,000 or the sum of 15% of municipal securities, 30% of corporate securities, 20% of corporate debt, and 5% of government securities owned. There were deposits of \$286,179 and \$323,129 at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4. SECURITIES OWNED

Marketable securities owned consist of trading and investment securities at market values, as follows:

	2003		2002
Equity securities	\$ 166,720	\$	115,925
Corporate bonds	106,307		3,500
Municipal bonds	1,283,113	_	538,320
	\$ 1,556,140	\$	657,745

### 5. FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment consist of the following:

		Decen	Estimated			
		2003		2002	Useful Lives	
Office furniture and fixtures Computer equipment and software	\$	88,506 58,374		•	6 to 10 years 3 to 6 years	
	\$	146,880	\$	139,973		

Depreciation charged to income was \$11,155 and \$12,620 in 2003 and 2002, respectively.

#### 6. LEASES

The Company leases office space and equipment under long-term lease agreements that expire through 2006 and are classified as operating leases. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments for operating leases (with initial or remaining terms in excess of one year) as of December 31, 2003:

# Year Ending December 31,

2004	\$ 52,442
2005	50,844
2006	8,474
Total	\$ 111,760

Rental expense for all operating leases was \$56,060 and \$46,004 in 2003 and 2002, respectively.

(Continued)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 7. NOTE AND MARGIN PAYABLE, CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company's municipal and corporate bond inventory is financed through Southwest Securities, Inc., the Company's clearing organization. Amounts payable on this note were \$1,357,077 and \$529,852 at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The note is secured by municipal and corporate bonds with a market value of \$1,389,420 and \$541,820 at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively, and is due as the respective secured inventory is sold.

The Company purchases corporate stocks through a margin account also at Southwest Securities, Inc. Amounts deposited on this account were \$44,536 and \$-0-at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Accordingly, the amount of the note payable to the clearing organization is reflected on the statements of financial condition net of any deposit on the margin account.

Interest expense is calculated daily on the inventory settlement date balance at slightly below the broker call money rate (4.75% at December 31, 2003). Interest paid for 2003 and 2002 was \$41,975 and \$38,513 respectively.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

The Company has a 401(k) plan covering substantially all employees. Participants may contribute from 1% to 15% of their compensation on a pre-tax basis. The Company can contribute a discretionary amount. The Company contributed \$5,603 and \$5,789 during the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

#### 9. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2003, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$680,589 and \$100,000, respectively. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .07 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$484,166 and \$100,000, respectively. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .12 to 1. The 2002 presentation has been restated to be consistent with the 2003 presentation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 10. OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK

The Company's commission revenue results from customer transactions introduced solely through its clearing broker. The clearing broker assumes the responsibility for execution, clearance, collection, and delivery, including all recordkeeping requirements, in relation to the Company's customers' transactions. Off-balance sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that such customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker may charge any losses incurred to the Company. The Company has in place controls to minimize this risk through monitoring credit worthiness of its customers and monitoring the proper execution of transactions by the clearing broker.

#### 11. LITIGATION

In the normal course of business, the Company is a defendant in a lawsuit wherein substantial amounts are claimed. The Company denies any wrongdoing and intends to contest the case vigorously. In the opinion of management, this suit is without substantial merit and should not result in a judgment that in the aggregate would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial statements.

The Company is also involved in arbitration. The outcome is uncertain and therefore no liabilities are accrued in the financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Board of Directors

Cooper Malone McClain, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cooper Malone McClain, Inc. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and have issued our report thereon dated February 6, 2004. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Allen, Gibbs & Houlik, L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

February 6, 2004 Wichita, Kansas

# COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

### SCHEDULE 1

## December 31, 2003 and 2002

		2003		2002
Aggregate indebtedness:  Payable:				
Clearing organization Other liabilities Commissions, employees and stockholders	\$	324 20,138 30,387	\$	324  57,986
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	50,849	\$	58,310
Net capital: Credit items: Common stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	\$	100,000 200,157 647,455	\$	100,000 200,157 425,130
Total credit items		947,612		725,287
Deductions and charges: Receivables, other Receivables, employees and stockholders Furniture and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation Other assets Haircuts and undue concentration on securities owned	-	67,915 37,566 33,590 127,952		441 47,190 30,372 33,482 129,636
Total deductions and charges		267,023		241,121
Net capital Capital requirements:	\$	680,589	\$	484,166
Greater of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or minimum stated net capital for non-clearing firm (\$100,000)  Net capital in excess of requirements	\$	100,000 580,589	\$	100,000 384,166
	\$	680,589	<u>\$</u>	484,166
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	-	.07 to 1		.12 to 1

There were no liabilities subordinated to the claim of general creditors at December 31, 2003 and 2002.

The 2002 presentation has been restated to be consistent with the 2003 presentation.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL WITH THAT OF THE REGISTRANT AS FILED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5

## **SCHEDULE 2**

December 31, 2003 and 2002

Aggregate indebtedness:	2003	2002
Aggregate indebtedness as reported by registrant in Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 Year-end audit adjustments:	\$ 45,537	\$ 39,564
Additional accounts payable Other	5,490 (178)	18,746 
Aggregate indebtedness as computed on Schedule 1	\$ 50,849	\$ 58,310
Net capital:		
Net capital as reported by the registrant in Part IIA of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 Year-end audit adjustments:	\$ 657,823	\$ 502,912
Add adjustments to market value on securities owed Less additional accounts payable Plus adjustments to haircuts and undue concentration	(18,896) (5,490)	(18,746)
on securities owned	44,059	
Plus adjustments to non-allowable receivables	3,093	
Net capital as computed on Schedule 1	\$ 680,589	\$ 484,166